March 2	Introduction to linear systems
March 16	Matrices. Gauss reduction to echelon form
March 19	Free variables. Existence and enumeration of solutions of linear systems.
March 20	Numerical vectors and linear systems.
March 23	Linear combinations of vectors
March 26	Linear independence
March 27	Extraction of subsets of linearly independent vectors
March 30	Matrix transformations
April 2	Linear transformations
April 3	Injective, surjective, bijective linear transformations. Linear subspaces
April 6	Basis and dimensions of linear subspaces
April 9	Rank of a matrix. Dimension theorem
April 10	Multiplication of matrices
April 16	Product of matrices and composition of transformations. Product of matrices and rank. Invertible transformations and matrices.
April 17	Computing the inverse matrix. Applications to linear systems
April 20	Change of basis
April 23	Abstract linear spaces
April 24	Abstract linear subspaces
April 27	Sum and intersection of linear subspaces
April 30	Direct sum. Grassmann formula
May 4	Determinants
May 7	Binet theorem. Formula for inverse matrix. Cramer's rule.
May 8	Determinants, area and volume. Determinants and rank
May 11	Linear maps. Kernel and image. Matrix of a linear map
May 14	Affine subspaces. Cartesian and parametric equations
May 15	Relative positions of lines and planes
May 18	Plane through 3 points. Dot products. Angles, distances, perpendicularity.
May 21	Distance between point and line/plane . Cross product. Orthogonal subspace.
May 22	Orthonormal basis. Gram-Schmidt algorithm. Orthogonal projection
May 25	Formula for the orthogonal projection. Abstract inner products
May 28	Eigenvalues and eigenvectors
May 29	Diagonalization of matrices
June 4	Spectral theorem. Version for self-adjoint transformations
June 5	Orthogonal matrices. Rotations, reflections. Spectral decomposition
June 8	Isometries. Quadratic forms
June 11	Conic sections. Ellipse, hyperbola, parabola.
June 12	Reduction of conics to canonical form by rotation and translation